

EAST GALLERY:

- What were the contents of a Princess Mary box? Who received these and why?
- 5. What purpose did trench periscopes serve?
- 2. Why were German 15 cm Heavy Field Howitzers called "Jack Johnsons"?
- 6. What is the shape of the barbed wire stakes on display? Why did they have this shape?
- 3. What was they rallying cry for the defense of Verdun?
- 4. What famous author fought at the 1916 Battle of the Somme?
- 7. Find the Imperial Russian Red Cross Society flag. Which regiment flew this?
- 8. What percentage of the world's merchant ships were destroyed during the Great War by German U-boats? What effect did this have on the war?

WEST GALLERY:

- 9. What did the Selective Service Act of 1917 make law?
- 11. Which Native American tribe provided communication code during the war?
- 10. Which state sent the most soldiers to the war?
- 12. American troops were called "Doughboys." Provide two other suggested nicknames.

JOT DOWN YOUR THOUGHTS:

Consider the artifacts and information you located at the museum. Jot down your thoughts in order to write the answers to the following questions on another sheet of paper.

- Why is the Great War recognized as the first global war?
- How does the museum represent WWI's changing warfare?

• One museum label says "Total war meant mobilizing every available resource. All members of society, combatants and civilians, workers and volunteers, from the very young to the very old, were expected to serve in some way." What evidence did you find that supports this idea?

• Will Rogers said about the Great War, "You can't say civilization don't advance, however, for every war they kill you in a new way." Explain how this statement applies to WWI.

